Metallic A-type Antiferromagnetic State in a Layered Manganite

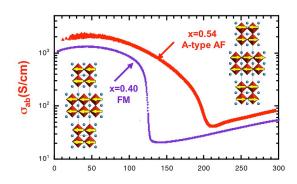
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Our motivation is to understand conduction in the colossal magnetoresistive manganites.

For example, metallic conductivity and ferromagnetic (FM) order have been thought to symbiotically coexist.

Our observation of a metallic A-type AF manganite belies this simplification.

Based on this we propose a phenomenological model for charge localization in manganites.



Layered manganite for x=0.54, that exhibits A-type AF order, unexpectedly shows metallic conductivity and also higher $T_{\rm c}$ than the fully FM manganite at x=0.40

Phenomenological Model introduce localization energy (L) in addition to superexchange (SE) and double exchange (DE) $E_{loc}(\eta) = J_{SF} \cos(\eta) - L$ $E_{deloc}(\eta) = J_{SE} \cos(\eta) - J_{DE} \cos(\eta/2)$ -EDE 180° Kubota, et al, cant present Phys. Soc. Japan angle 69, 1606 (2000) result 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60

(Bi)Layered Manganite Phase Diagram 400 Paramagnetic Insulator I 4/mmm 300 CO Lmmm 200 ΑF 100 ۶ 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.70 0.80 0.90 x in SrO (La_{1-x}Sr_xMnO₃)₂ insulator metal $\sigma_{\rm c}({\rm S/cm})$ conducting A-type AF x = 0.48insulating A-type AF Temperature (K)

Two layered manganite for x=0.48 and 0.54, that show Atype AF order from neutron scattering, exhibit quite different conduction, metallic and localized

From the small c-axis metallic conductivity and magnetization, we conclude that A-type AF state for x=0.54 is very slightly canted, as it must be since double exchange wins out over localization

Implications

Phenomenological model could provide the 'something else' than double exchange needed to understand colossal magnetoresistance Millis, et al [*Phys. Rev. Lett.* 74, 5144 (1995)]

Future directions

Seek theoretical justification of phenomenological model (with theory group)

Examine other compositions above x=0.50

Study magnetic and electronic properties of surfaces Vs. x to test predictions of phenomenological model (begun with John Freeland at APS)

Qing'An Li, K.E. Gray, A. Berger and J.F. Mitchell, Phys. Rev. B67 184426 (2003)



